NCVHS Joint Hearing on Public Health Data Standards

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Disclaimer

 The views expressed are my own, supplemented by others in state and local public health with whom I agree. These views are not necessarily those of my employer or any organization of which I am a member or in which I hold an office.

Thanks for the opportunity to speak.

Main points:

- 1. State and Local Public Health should be at the table whenever data standards are discussed
- 2. We, all of us, should **commit to using standards**: balloted, consensus standards, especially vocabulary
- 3. Thank you! CDC and NCVHS for participating in SDO activities, and more importantly, reaching out to state and local public health and enabling their participation
- 3. Challenge: ONC and CDC could do even more to encourage, and provide resources to enable state and local Public Health participation in SDO activities
- 4. We should support **pilot/demonstration projects** that actually implement interoperability standards and have a business model that survives grant funding

Public Health and Data Standards

- Public Health, the bad apple in the barrel of Healthcare Data Standards
 - So many agencies, and so many of them small
 - With so much authority and responsibility
 - And so few resources
 - With so many ways to ignore standards
 - And such a need for them
 - Needing but not always using certification tools
 - The benefits of standards are elusive for Public Health

Public Health and Silos

- One person's specialized domain of skill and knowledge is another's protected empire.
- Success! Integrated Disease Surveillance now includes TB (in many states) – STD/HIV is next.
- The silos that remain: programs with significant opportunities to harmonize with other programs
- When we eliminate the last silo in Public Health will we find that we have one left? Is Public Health a silo in the healthcare domain?

The Bright Spots

- Balloted consensus standards for Vital Records
- Lab Reporting communities coming together
- Public Health Case Report
- Reportable Condition Knowledge Management System
- Nutrition Interoperability Standards
- Public Health presence in EHR-S System Functionality Standards

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Questions?

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Questions in the hearing invitation.

Questions from 9/30 email

- Current state of public health related standards; coordination of standards development activities; representation and participation by public health in standards activities; where is public health strongest and where is weakest
 - Use of standards:
 - Overall, the use of standards in public health is not as good as it should be
 - But improving rapidly over the past few years
 - Representation and participation of Public Health in standards activities:
 - Usually represented in standards activities by others
 - We should increase representation by state and local Public Health
 - Public Health is:
 - Strongest on national issues, where national voices are effective
 - Weakest on state and local issues, where a national voice is not aware of the issues

- What are the incentives and drivers for adopting and using public health data standards; what are the barriers and challenges
 - State and local Public Health has extraordinary incentives to adopt and use data standards! (We are the trading partner of virtually everyone; no other organization has the number or variety of potential trading partners!)
 - Barriers and challenges, unfortunately, are also plentiful: experience, trained personnel resources, resources to acquire or develop new application systems
- What is the state of information exchanges of public health data from EHR systems; what are the standards being used; what are the drivers, and incentives; what are the challenges and issues
 - Information to Public Health from EHR systems:
 - Current state: nascent, growing quickly and poised for explosive growth
 - Standards are mostly HL7 v2.x messages, HL7 CDA documents increasing, and the full range of data transport standards: web services, Direct, SFTP, etc.
 - Drivers are MU incentives, interoperable software at modest cost, PH readiness
 - Challenges are the usual: experience, trained personnel resources, resources to acquire or develop new application systems

- What are implementation challenges from the public health agency perspective; what are the needs (technical, resources, education, etc.) to advance adoption and use of standards by public health agencies
 - Significant implementation challenges include the cost of replacement systems that are interoperable and use current vocabulary standards
 - Another implementation challenge is the lack of appropriate standards that reflect the needs of state an local public health
 - The usual needs remain: experience, trained personnel resources, resources to acquire or develop new application systems
- How is privacy and security covered in public health data standards? Are there privacy and security elements embedded in the standards? Is privacy and security under a different workflow process?
 - The privacy and security needs for Public Health are frequently different from the rest of the healthcare marketplace, and not as well covered in the data standards.
 - Privacy and Security embedded in the standards: they ought to be but are not always.

Questions added 10/31

- What security standards should apply to what types of data possessed by public health?
 - (not really my field of expertise)
 - Clearly, we need to apply HIPAA-related standards where appropriate
 - Some data are subject to patient safety standards and we need to observe these also
- What interoperability standards are needed for transfer of data from electronic health records to public health?
 - We need targeted, well crafted, balloted, reviewed, and timely standards, created with the needs and capabilities of Public Health in mind as well as the needs and capabilities of EHR.
 - The need is especially acute for document (HL7 CDA) standards
 - Transport: we need to be comfortable using many of the transport standards, rather than attempting to limit it to a few.